ALABAMA MEDICAID AGENCY
ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 560-X-11
EARLY AND PERIODIC SCREENING, DIAGNOSIS, AND TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS UNDER 21

TABLE OF CONTENTS

560-X-11-.01	Early And Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, And Treatment For Individuals under Twenty-One (21)-General
560-X-11-.02	Major Components Of EPSDT
560-X-11-.03	Eligibility
560-X-11-.04	EPSDT Manual
560-X-11-.05	Providers Of Screening Services
560-X-11-.06	Procedures And Tests In The Screening Examination
560-X-11-.07	Screening Schedule
560-X-11-.08	Consultation Services To Screening Providers
560-X-11-.09	EPSDT Referral For Services
560-X-11-.10	Reimbursement
560-X-11-.11	Consent For Health Services For Certain Minors And Others
560-X-11-.12	Notification Procedures For Handicapped Individuals Eligible For EPSDT
560-X-11-.13	State Laboratory Services
560-X-11-.14	EPSDT Referred Service Providers

560-X-11-.01 Early And Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, And Treatment For Individuals under Twenty-One (21)-General.

(1) Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) of Individuals Under Age twenty-one (21) is a mandatory service of the Medicaid Program intended by Congress to direct attention to the importance of preventive health services and early detection and treatment of disease in children eligible for medical assistance.

(2) The Alabama Medicaid Agency:

(a) Will provide for a combination of written and oral methods designed to effectively inform all EPSDT eligible individuals (or their families) about the EPSDT program. Generally, this information will be provided within 60 days of the individual's initial Medicaid eligibility determination and in

the case of families which have not utilized EPSDT services, annually thereafter.

(b) Will using clear and nontechnical language, provide information about the following: the benefits of preventive health care, the services available under the EPSDT program, and how to obtain these services.

(c) Will inform recipients that the services provided under the EPSDT program are without cost to eligible individuals under 21 years of age. Exception: Copayment is required of individuals from eighteen (18) to under twenty-one (21).

(d) Will provide other medically necessary health care, diagnostic, treatment and/or other measures described in section 1905(a) of Title XIX to correct or ameliorate defects, physical and mental illnesses and conditions discovered during a screening.

(e) Will inform individuals that necessary transportation and scheduling assistance are available upon request.

(f) Will provide an extensive outreach program for EPSDT recipients.

(g) In conjunction with the Alabama Department of Human Resources, will jointly develop an agreement covering the responsibilities of the county Departments of Human Resources, county Health Departments and other screening providers for EPSDT.

Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.56; OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Amended:** effective June 8, 1985. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective May 13, 1991; January 13, 1993.

560-X-11-.02 Major Components Of EPSDT.

(1) Early - As early as possible in the life of a child already Medicaid eligible or as soon as possible after a person's eligibility is established, if he or she is under twenty-one (21) years of age;

(2) Periodic - At intervals established by Medicaid to assure that disease or disability is not incipient or present in persons eligible for the EPSDT services;

(3) Screening - Assessment of the physical and mental health of all persons under twenty-one (21) years of age who are Medicaid eligible;

(4) Diagnosis - Further study of persons to determine the nature or cause of disease or abnormality to provide a frame of reference for treatment;

(5) Treatment - Any Treatment available under the Alabama Medicaid Program including eyeglasses, hearing aids and other necessary health care, diagnostic services to correct or ameliorate defects, physical and mental illnesses and conditions discovered during a screening.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.50; OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Amended:** Effective June 8, 1985. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991.

560-X-11-.03 Eligibility.

(1) All persons under twenty-one (21) years of age except SOBRA adult eligibles who have been certified as being eligible for Medicaid are eligible for the EPSDT program.

(2) Alabama Medicaid Agency assigns Medicaid identification numbers and issues plastic Medicaid eligibility cards to persons eligible for benefits.

(3) In providing services and filing a claim for medical payment, it is required that a person be eligible in the month in which the service is rendered.

(4) Alabama Medicaid Agency Administrative Code, Chapter One, General, contains information about the identification of Medicaid recipients.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.50; OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Amended:** Effective June 8, 1985. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991; January 13, 1993.

560-X-11-.04 EPSDT Manual.

(1) A manual on the EPSDT Program setting forth in detail the elements of the physical examination, instructions for completion of forms, processes and procedures to follow in administration of local programs and billing instructions will be provided to each EPSDT provider. Failure to follow the procedures and requirements as outlined in the manual may result in recoupment of the funds paid to the provider.

(2) EPSDT off-site screening providers must follow the Protocols and Procedures for EPSDT as listed in the EPSDT Manual. Failure to comply may result in recoupment of the funds paid to the provider and/or termination from participation in the program.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.56(d).
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** February 13, 1991. **Amended:** Filed April 5, 1995, effective May 11, 1995. **Amended:** Filed November 6, 1996; effective December 12, 1996.

560-X-11-.05 Providers Of Screening Services.

(1) In-state and borderline out-of-state (within 30-mile radius of state line) health care agencies and physicians wishing to participate in the EPSDT Program may request enrollment information from the Alabama Medicaid Agency. Exception: The Fiscal Agent will be responsible for enrolling any Title XVIII (Medicare) providers that wish to enroll as a QMB-only provider.

(2) All providers of screening services must enter into an agreement with Alabama Medicaid Agency to participate in the EPSDT Program as a screening provider. Exception: QMB-only providers. Each off-site location will require a separate application, a separate contract, and will be assigned a provider number distinct from any other the provider may have with Medicaid.

(3) All health care agencies enrolled shall be under the direction of a duly-1icensed physician, a currently licensed registered nurse, or a certified nurse practitioner who shall be responsible for assuring that requirements of participation are met and that the procedures established by the Medicaid program are carried out.

(4) Screening programs conducted under the direction of a registered nurse or certified nurse practitioner must have a licensed physician acting as medical consultant.

(5) EPSDT services may be offered by School-Based screening providers.
Author: Lynn Sharp, Associate Director, Policy Development, Medical Services Division
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. Section 400.203, Section 441.56. Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-360). OBRA '89-Section 6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Amended:** Effective May 9, 1984; July 9, 1984. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987; July 13, 1989. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991, Filed April 5, 1995, effective May 11, 1995. **Amended:** Filed November 6, 1996; effective December 12, 1996. **Amended:** Filed April 5, 1999; effective May 10, 1999.

560-X-11-.06 Procedures And Tests In The Screening Examination.

(1) The Agency will establish specific health evaluation procedures to be used by screening providers. These procedures and tests will be fully described in the Screening Provider Manual.

(2) All procedures and tests included in the Screening Provider Manual must be carried out on each person screened and must be recorded in the case history of the individual.

(3) Where it is not possible to carry out all procedures and tests, this fact must be recorded in the case history of the individual, including the reason such procedure or test was not carried out.

(4) Requirements in this paragraph are subject to federal and state audits and documentation in the records will be examined in on-site visits from time to time. Failure to meet these requirements may result in recoupment of the funds paid to the provider.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.56(d); OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991.

560-X-11-.07 Screening Schedule.

(1) The Agency will establish a distinct periodicity schedule for screening services, after consultation with recognized medical organizations involved in child health care. This schedule will be published in the Screening Provider Manual.

(2) Periodic screening services will be provided at intervals that meet reasonable standards of medical practice in accordance with those described for well-child care in the Guidelines for Health Supervision of American Academy of Pediatrics.

(3) Interperiodic screenings are covered when medically necessary to determine the existence of suspected physical or mental illnesses or conditions.

(4) An EPSDT Intensive Developmental Diagnostic Assessment is a multidisciplinary comprehensive screening limited to infants 0 to under two years of age, and is also limited to two per recipient per lifetime. These screenings are in addition to the routine periodic screenings and must be performed by a qualified EPSDT Intensive Developmental Diagnostic Assessment Screening provider, as approved and enrolled by Medicaid.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.50; OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Amended:** Effective July 9, 1984; June 8, 1985. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective October 11, 1986. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective November 7, 1988; October 1, 1989; October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991; January 13, 1993.

560-X-11-.08 Consultation Services To Screening Providers.

(1) Professional nursing staff of the Alabama Medicaid Agency will provide assistance to any screening provider who requests it.

(2) The Medicaid staff will assist providers and County Departments of Human Resources with problems in local administration of the EPSDT Program upon request, or as need is identified in on-site visits to screening providers.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.61.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987.

Emergency rule October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991.

560-X-11-.09 EPSDT Referral For Services.

(1) All participating EPSDT providers will complete the EPSDT Referral for Services form for each individual provider to whom a person is being referred to for further diagnosis and/or treatment.

(2) When a screening provider refers a person to a Medicaid participating provider for diagnosis and/or treatment, all treatment services will be considered for reimbursement, above current limitations. However, the services rendered must be medically necessary to treat or ameliorate a condition or diagnosis identified in a screen.

(3) The referring provider must document within the patient's medical history or physical examination portion of the medical record the condition(s) identified during an EPSDT Screening examination which requires a referral. Notation of the condition on the EPSDT referral form alone will not be considered sufficient documentation. Medicaid has the right to recoup payment for the screening service from the referring provider, when a referral is made for a condition not documented in the medical history or physical examination portion of the medical record.

(4) Alabama Medicaid Agency Administrative Code, Chapter One, General, contains information about extended benefits as a result of an EPSDT screening and referral.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.61; OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991. **Amended:** Filed June 6, 1995; effective July 11, 1995.

560-X-11-.10 Reimbursement.

(1) Governmental screening providers (including physicians) will be paid on a negotiated rate basis which will not exceed their actual costs. Nongovernmental screening providers will be paid their usual and customary charge which is not to exceed the maximum allowable rate established by Medicaid.

(2) In screening a recipient, the provider's contract screening cost will cover the following services: unclothed physical

examination; vital signs; heights and weights; family, medical, mental health and immunization histories, vision and hearing testing; developmental assessment including anticipatory guidance and nutritional assessment; hematocrits or hemoglobins; and follow-up of all referred conditions to ensure whether or not treatment has been initiated.

(3) Providers may submit claims for immunization, TB skin test and treatment on the day of screening. These charges submitted on the CMS 1500 form are in addition to the screening charge, but no office visit should be charged at that time.
Author: Kaye Melnick, Program Manager, EPSDT, Medical Services Division
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.50; OBRA '89 §6403.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Amended:** Effective July 9, 1984. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991. **Amended:** Filed June 11, 2009; effective July 16, 2009...

560-X-11-.11 Consent For Health Services For Certain Minors And Others.

(1) Consent for health services for certain minors, and others will be governed by Code of Ala. 1975, Title 22, Chapter 8.

(2) All consent forms must be signed by the parent or legal guardian except for clients fourteen (14) years and older who may sign for themselves.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.56. Code of Ala. 1975.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** Effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991.

560-X-11-.12 Notification Procedures For Handicapped Individuals Eligible For EPSDT.

(1) Hearing Impaired:

(a) Each recipient will be notified of services during a face-to-face verbal interview at which time an individual who communicates via sign language or other methods will be present if needed to pass information to the recipient.

(b) Written information will be given to both the recipient and the individual who communicates with him.

(2) Visually Impaired:

(a) Each recipient will be notified of services during a face-to-face interview, during which time an individual who can communicate with the recipient will be present, if needed, to pass information to him.

(b) The recipient will be given information in braille. Written information will be given to the individual who communicates with the recipient as well.

(3) Those Who Do Not Speak English:

(a) Each recipient will be notified of services during a face-to-face interview at which time an individual who communicates in the recipient's language will be present for interpretation.

(b) Written materials in Thai, Laotian, Cambodian, and Vietnamese languages are available and will given to recipients who speak these languages and may also be given to the interpreter for those who are illiterate.

Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.56.
History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991.

560-X-11-.13 State Laboratory Services.

(1) Arrangements have been made with the Clinical Laboratory Administration to have the State Laboratory examine blood specimens for sickle cell anemia and other abnormal hemoglobins, stool specimens for ova and parasites, and scotch tape preparations for pinworms. VDRL, G.C. cultures, throat culture and blood lead level may also be done at no cost to the provider.

(2) Payment is made by Medicaid to the laboratories who have been enrolled as Medicaid providers for examination of specimens submitted by screening agencies and physicians.

(3) Care should be taken to see that the correct Medicaid number is entered on the label or form accompanying such specimens.
Author: Laurie McEnery
Statutory Authority: Title XIX, Social Security Act; State Plan; 42 C.F.R. §441.61; OBRA '89 §6403.

History: Rule effective October 1, 1982. **Emergency rule** effective December 1, 1986. **Amended:** Effective March 12, 1987. **Emergency rule** effective October 1, 1990. **Amended:** Effective February 13, 1991.

Ed. Note: ER No. 560-X-11-15 EPSDT Extended Inpatient Care filed December 20, 1988; effective January 1, 1989 through March 14, 1989. No permanent rule adopted.

560-X-11-.14 EPSDT Referred Service Providers.

(1) OBRA '89 requires that medically necessary health care, diagnosis, treatment and/or other measures described in Section 1905(a) of the Social Security Act be covered under Medicaid if identified in an EPSDT screening whether or not such services are covered in the State Plan. If services are not ordinarily provided as a Medicaid benefit for children under age 21, the providers of the service will be enrolled to provide "EPSDT only" referred care. An EPSDT referral form must be maintained by the provider for services provided as a result of a screening.

(a) EPSDT-only providers include: physical therapists, occupational therapists, speech therapists, licensed behavior analysts, chiropractors, podiatrists, psychologists, licensed professional counselors, licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed social workers, private duty nurses, air transportation, environmental lead investigators, and personal care services.

(b) Enrollment: In state and borderline out-of-state (within 30-mile radius of the Alabama state line) are eligible to enroll as EPSDT-only providers.

(c) Documentation: EPSDT-only services are covered by Alabama Medicaid when medically necessary and when done to correct or ameliorate a defect, physical or mental illness or other conditions identified during an EPSDT Screening Exam. EPSDT-only providers must develop a plan of treatment and have it readily available at all times for review in the recipient's medical record. The plan of treatment should contain but is not limited to the following information:

1. Recipient's name,

2. Recipient's current Medicaid number,

3. Date of EPSDT Screening,

4. Referring physician's name,

5. Diagnosis(es),

6. Date of onset or acute exacerbation, if applicable,

7. Type of surgery performed, if applicable,

8. Date of surgery, if applicable,

9. Functional status prior to treatment and expected status after treatment, if applicable,

10. Frequency and duration of treatment, if applicable,

11. Modalities, if applicable, and

12. For ulcers, the location, size and depth should be documented, if applicable.

(d) Retrospective Review: Medicaid's Surveillance and Utilization Review Program will review medical records retrospectively to determine the appropriateness of the service rendered. Medicaid may discontinue and/or recoup payment for the treatment or service if any of the following circumstances have occurred:

1. An EPSDT screening was not performed,

2. The condition/diagnosis noted on the EPSDT referral form does not relate to the treatment performed, and

3. The EPSDT screening form is not valid. (EPSDT screening referral forms are valid only for the time specified by the referring provider or up to a maximum of twelve (12) months).

(2) Qualifications For EPSDT-only Providers:

(a) Physical Therapists (PT) - A qualified PT must be licensed by the Alabama Board of Physical Therapy. Services provided must be ordered by a physician for an identified condition(s) noted during the EPSDT screening exam and provided by or under the supervision of a qualified physical therapist. Group physical therapy is covered only for codes specified as such in the Physical Therapy Billing Manual. Only procedure codes identified in the Medicaid Physical Therapy Billing Manual are reimbursable. Some codes may require attainment of prior authorization before services are rendered. Recreational and leisure type activities such as movies, bowling, skating, etc. are not covered by Medicaid.

1. Physical therapy may be provided by a PT assistant who practices under the direction of a licensed PT. Assistants may perform treatment procedures as delegated by the PT but may not initiate or alter a treatment plan. PT assistants must be licensed by the Alabama Board of

Physical Therapy and must be an employee of the supervising PT in order for the PT to bill for services. The PT must oversee the assistants' activities on a frequent, regularly scheduled basis. Scheduled visits to supervise care provided by the assistant must be documented and signed by the PT at a minimum every 6th visit.

2. Physical therapy aides who are employed by the PT may perform only routine treatment procedures as allowed by State law and only under direct, on-site supervision of the licensed PT. Care rendered by a PT aide shall not be held out as and shall not be charged as physical therapy.

(b) Occupational Therapists (OT) - A qualified OT must be licensed by the Alabama State Board of Occupational Therapy. Services provided must be ordered by a physician for an identified condition(s) noted during the EPSDT screening exam and provided by or under the direct supervision of a qualified occupational therapist. Group occupational therapy is covered only for codes specified as such in the Occupational Therapy Billing Manual. Services are limited to those procedures identified in the Occupational Therapy Billing Manual. Some codes may require attainment of prior authorization before services are rendered. Recreational and leisure type activities such as movies, bowling, skating, etc. are not covered by Medicaid.

1. OT assistants are allowed to assist in the practice of occupational therapy only under the supervision of an OT. OT assistants must have an Associate of Arts degree and must be licensed by the Alabama State Board of Occupational Therapy. Supervision of certified OT assistants must consist of a minimum of one-on-one on-site supervision at least eight hours per month. Supervision for non-certified limited permit holders shall consist of one to one, on-site supervision a minimum of 50% of direct patient time by an OT who holds a current license. Supervising visits must be documented and signed by the OT. The supervising OT must ensure that the assistant is assigned only duties and responsibilities for which the assistant has been specifically educated and which the assistant is qualified to perform.

2. OT aides employed by the OT are allowed to perform only routine duties under the direct, on-site supervision of the OT. Care rendered by an OT aide shall not be held out as and shall not be charged as occupational therapy.

(c) Speech Therapists (ST-Speech Language Pathologist) - A qualified ST must have a Certification of Clinical Competence in Speech Language Pathology or be eligible for certification

and licensed by the Alabama Board of Examiners for Speech, Language Pathology and Audiology. Services provided must be ordered by a physician for an identified condition(s) noted during the EPSDT Screening exam and provided by or under the supervision of a qualified speech therapist. Only procedures identified in the Medicaid Speech Therapy Billing Manual are reimbursable.

1. Speech Therapy Assistants must be employed by a Speech Therapist, have a bachelor's degree in Speech Pathology and must be registered by the Alabama Board of Speech, Language Pathology and Audiology. Assistants are allowed to provide services commensurate with their education, training and experience only. They may not evaluate speech, language or hearing, interpret measurements of speech language or hearing, make recommendations regarding programming and hearing aid selection, counsel patients or sign test reports, nor other documentation regarding the practice of speech pathology. Assistants must work under the direct supervision of a licensed speech pathologist. Direct supervision requires the physical presence of the licensed speech pathologist in the same facility at all times when the assistant is performing assigned clinical responsibilities. The licensed speech pathologist must document direct observation of at least ten (10%) percent of all clinical services provided by the assistant. Speech therapists may supervise no more than the equivalent of two full-time assistants concurrently.

(d) Services provided under the direction of a health care practitioner provided to Medicaid eligible children by those working under the direction of licensed, enrolled Speech Therapists, Occupational Therapists or Physical Therapists as provided for in this rule must be provided under the following conditions:

1. The person providing the service must meet the minimum qualifications established by State laws and the Agency regulations and be in the employment of the supervising provider;

2. The person providing the service must be identifiable in the case record;

3. The supervising therapist must assume full professional responsibility for services provided and bill for such services; and

4. The supervising provider must assure that services are medically necessary and rendered in a medically appropriate manner.

(e) Podiatrist - Must have a current licensed issued to practice podiatry and operate within the scope of practice established by the appropriate state's Board of Podiatry.

(f) Chiropractor - Must have a current certification and/or be licensed to practice chiropractic, and operate within the scope of practice established by the state's Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

(g) Psychologist - Must have a doctoral degree from an accredited school or department of Psychology and have a current license to practice as a psychologist and operate within the scope of practice as established by the appropriate state's Board of Psychology.

1. Minimum Qualifications for Psychology Providers' Professional Staff working under Medicaid-enrolled Psychologists are as follows:

(i) A licensed psychological technician,

(ii) A non-1icensed or unlicensed individual possessing a master's degree or above from a university or college with an accredited program for the respective degree in psychology, social work, counseling, behavioral specialist, or other humane service field areas and who meets at least one of the following qualifications.

(I) Has successfully completed a practicum as a part of the requirements for the degree or,

(II) Has six months of post master's level clinical experience supervised by a master's level or above clinician with two years of post-graduate clinical experience.

2. Services rendered to persons with a primary psychiatric diagnosis must be delivered by a person meeting the criteria listed above unless an exception is specifically noted and defined in the service descriptions.

(h) Professional Counselor licensed under Alabama law (e.g. LPC, ALC) operating within the scope of practice as established by the Alabama Board of Examiners in Counseling.

(i) Marriage and Family Therapist (LMFT) licensed under Alabama law operating within the scope of practice as established by the Alabama Board of Examiners in Marriage and Family Therapy.

(j) Social Work licensed under Alabama law (LMSW, LICSW) operating within the scope of practice as established by the Alabama State Board of Social Work Examiners.

(k) Private Duty Nursing – The purpose of the Private Duty Nursing Program is to provide payment for quality, safe, cost-efficient skilled nursing care to Medicaid recipients who require a minimum of four consecutive hours of continuous skilled nursing care per day. Skilled nursing care is defined as prescribed care that can only be provided by a licensed Registered Nurse (RN) or Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) which is medically necessary to treat or ameliorate medical conditions identified as a result of an EPSDT screening. The medical criteria herein must be present when the specified condition listed below is found. For conditions not found in the Alabama Medicaid Administrative Code, medical necessity review will be conducted by the Medicaid Medical Director. Medicaid recipients who do not meet the medical necessity requirements for the Private Duty Nursing Program may have access to a variety of nursing and related community services. The Agency will make referrals to the appropriate programs based on the level of care needed.

1. All employees' files should contain updated information that will include, at a minimum, full name, job title indicating full or part time status, address, phone numbers, emergency contacts, current state board RN license or LPN license, current TB skin test, background check information and current daily work schedules. The statewide background check shall consist of the following personal identifiers: name, social security number, date of birth, and driver's license number and/or applicable state identification card (i.e. non-driver identification).

2. The authorized background check agency shall notify the potential employer if the background check reveals that an applicant is listed in the national sex offender public registry. Applicants must not have convictions or pending charges for any crime of violence or any felony convictions as well as any pending felony arrests.

3. If a Private Duty Nursing (PDN) provider operates from a home office, a specified room for office space for the business must be separated from the personal dwelling in the home. Office space with locked file cabinets for business and confidential files for Protected Health Information is required. All medical records must be retained for audit purposes. A sitting area must be included in the office space to meet with employees, recipients or business associates.

4. **Criteria – Non-ventilator Dependent Recipients.**

(i) High technology non-ventilator dependent recipients may qualify for private duty nursing services if they meet either of the following criteria and at least one qualified primary caregiver has been identified:

(I) Any one of the primary requisites are present.

(II) Two or more secondary requisites are present. Primary Requisites

(ii) - include, but may not be limited to, the following as qualifying criteria for nursing recipients:

(I) Tracheotomy - Coverage for a functioning tracheotomy requiring oxygen supplmentation; and nebulizer treatments or cough assist/ inexsufflator devices. Continuation of nursing services may be approved after initial certification for those periods of time when the primary caregiver is away from the home for work or school or otherwise unable to provide the necessary care.

(II) Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) - Coverage up to two months for acute phase with additional certification based upon the need for continuing therapy.

(III) Intravenous Therapy - Coverage up to two months for a single episode. The number of hours required for a single infusion must be at least four continuous hours and require monitoring and treatment by a skilled nurse. An additional period of certification may be approved based on medical necessity for continuing therapy. Additional hours may also be approved for secondary criteria requisites listed below in conjunction with the primary criteria requisites. Secondary Requisites

(iii) - include, but may not be limited to, the following as qualifying criteria for nursing recipients.

(I) Decubitus ulcers - Coverage for stage three or four ulcers.

(II) Colostomy or ileostomy care - Coverage for new or problematic cases.

(III) Suprapubic catheter care – Coverage for new or problematic cases.

(IV) Internal nasogastric or gastrostomy feedings – Coverage for new or problematic cases

(V) Tracheotomy

(VI) A documented illness or disability, which requires ongoing skilled observation, monitoring and judgment to maintain or improve health status of a medically fragile or complex condition to include at least one (1) of the following:

I. An unstable seizure disorder

II. Unstable respiratory function

III. Unstable vital signs

IV. A Cardiac Pacemaker

V. Unstable shunted hydrocephalus or otherwise unstable neurological status and

VI. Delayed skilled intervention is expected to result in:

(A) Deterioration of a chronic condition

(B) Loss of function

(C) Imminent risk to health status due to medical fragility

(VII) Extensive or complete assistance with activities of daily living in a child of an age normally expected to perform ADLs such as eating, bathing, dressing, mobility, bowel and bladder control.

(iv) *Qualified Primary Caregiver.*

(I) The family must have at least one member capable of and willing to be trained to assist in the provision of care for the recipient in the home.

(II) The qualified primary caregiver must accept responsibility for the recipients care when the nurse is not available.

(III) The family must provide evidence of parental or family involvement and an appropriate home situation (for example, a physical environment and geographic location for the recipient's medical safety).

(IV) Reasonable plans for emergencies (such as power and equipment backup for those with life-support devices) and transportation must be established.

5. **Ventilator Dependent Recipients.**

(i) *Ventilator dependent recipients* may qualify for private duty nursing services if any one of the primary requisites are present and at least one qualified caregiver has been identified.

(ii) *Primary Requisites* – include, but may not be limited to, the following as qualifying criteria for nursing recipients:

(I) Mechanical ventilator support is necessary for at least six hours per day and appropriate weaning steps are in progress on a continuing basis.

(II) Frequent ventilator checks are necessary. Frequent ventilator checks are defined as daytime versus nighttime setting changes, weaning in progress, or parameter checks a minimum of every eight hours with subsequent ventilator setting changes.

(III) Oxygen supplementation for ventilator dependent recipients is at or below an inspired fraction of 40 percent (FiO2of 0.40).

(iii) *Qualified Primary Caregiver*.

(I) The family must have at least one member capable of and willing to be trained to assist in the provision of care for the recipient in the home.

(II) The qualified primary caregiver must accept responsibility for the recipients care when the nurse is not available.

(III) The family must provide evidence of parental or family involvement and an appropriate home situation (for example, a physical

environment and geographic location for the recipient's medical safety).

(IV) Reasonable plans for emergencies (such as power and equipment backup for those with life-support devices) and transportation must be established.

Note: Any private duty nursing hours approved will be reduced by the number of hours of care which are provided or are available from other resources. In the event a child eligible for Medicaid is already attending or plans to attend public school, the case manager should contact the Special Education Coordinator within the appropriate school district to request that the child's Individual Education Program (IEP) committee meet to determine the student's need for related services. The names and contact information for the coordinators are on the education website at www.alsde.edu. The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) guarantees every child the right to a free, appropriate public education and related services in the least restrictive environment. The case manager may be asked to be part of the client's IEP team to facilitate the coordination of necessary related services. Related services needed in the school that are the same as services provided in the home should be closely coordinated. For example, a child needing nursing services should be evaluated and recommended for the appropriate level of care to ensure no break in services if services previously provided by Medicaid are subsequently provided by the school district. For children attending public school, the number of approved hours may be modified during the summer months and school breaks.

6. **Limitations:**

(i) Nursing services must be prescribed as medically necessary by a licensed physician as a result of an EPSDT screening referral, based on the expectation that the recipient's medical needs are adequately and safely met in the home.

(ii) All private duty nursing services require prior authorization. Additionally, the recipient must be under 21 years of age to qualify and must be Medicaid eligible. The recipient must require skilled nursing care which exceeds the caregiver's ability to care

for the recipient without the assistance of at least four consecutive hours of skilled nursing care.

(iii) Major commitment on the part of the recipient's family is mandatory to meet the recipient's needs. The primary caregiver must sign the Private Duty Nursing Agreement for Care form agreeing to participate in and complete training. Additional caregivers identified for training must be indicated on the Private Duty Nursing Agreement for Care form. In the event that multiple caregivers exist, an adjustment in the hours approved for PDN will occur.

(iv) When a Private Duty Nursing (PDN) applicant is added to the PDN Program, they may be granted more PDN hours beyond what is normally approved. The purpose of the additional hours initially is to give the PDN provider time to train the qualified primary caregiver(s). However, during the initial certification or recertification period, the PDN hours may be decreased to the hours determined by the PDN criteria.

(v) Medicaid does not provide private duty nursing services under the following circumstances:

(I) Observational care for behavioral or eating disorders, or for medical conditions that do not require medically necessary intervention by skilled nursing personnel;

(II) Services not prescribed to treat or improve a condition identified as a result of an EPSDT screening;

(III) Custodial, sitter, and unskilled respite services;

(IV) Services after the recipient is admitted to a hospital or a nursing facility; or

(V) Services after the recipient is no longer eligible for Medicaid.

(vi) Medicaid allows hours for the continuation of private duty nursing services under the following circumstances:

(I) Temporary Illness: Private duty nursing hours may be provided for a period up to 90 days if the primary caregiver is incapacitated due to personal illness or illness of another family member who is dependent upon the caregiver and

there is no other trained caregiver available in the home. Temporary illness includes a required surgical procedure due to illness/disease, an illness which would be a danger to the child because of contagion, or an illness which is debilitating for a limited period. Medical documentation from the caregiver's attending physician is required. The number of hours approved is dependent upon the specific circumstances.

(II) Patient at Risk: Private duty nursing hours may be approved if the patient appears to be at risk of abuse, neglect, or exploitation in the domestic setting and a referral for investigation has been made to the appropriate state agency. The number of hours approved is dependent upon the specific circumstances.

(III) Sleep: Private duty nursing hours may be provided up to eight hours depending on the situation of the primary caregiver. For example, a single parent with no other family support may be granted a full eight hours while two parents serving as primary caregivers may require fewer hours or only hours on an occasional basis.

(IV) Work: Private duty nursing hours provided will be up to the number of hours that the primary caregiver is at work plus one-hour travel time. If additional travel time is needed beyond one hour, documentation must be provided to justify the increase. A Private Duty Nursing Verification of Employment/ School Attendance Form must be completed providing documentation of work hours.

(V) School: Private duty nursing hours provided will be up to the number of hours that the primary caregiver is attending class plus one hour travel time. If additional travel time is needed beyond one hour, documentation must be provided to justify the increase. A current course selection guide published by the school, validated class schedule from school, curriculum guide and transcripts of previous courses taken must be provided. The coursework must be consistent with the requirement for obtaining a GED, college degree, or some other type of certification for employment. Courses selected must follow a logical approach with class hours being taken one after the other unless the course

has been indicated by school officials as "closed".

7. A care plan must be developed and submitted with each request for service documenting the extent of nursing needs. Careful review of the patient's status and needs should be made by each professional participating in the patient's care. Each discipline should formulate goals and objectives for the patient and develop daily program components to meet these goals in the home. This plan must include the following:

(i) designation of a home care service coordinator;

(ii) involvement of a primary care physician with specific physician orders for medications, treatments, medical follow-up, and medical tests as appropriate;

(iii) family access to a telephone;

(iv) a plan for monitoring and adjusting the home care plan;

(v) a defined backup system for medical emergencies;

(vi) a plan to meet the educational needs of the patient;

(vii) a clearly shown planned reduction of private duty hours; and

(viii) criteria and procedures for transition from private duty nursing care, when appropriate.

8. At each certification, the care plan will be denied, approved, or additional information will be requested. The patient should be transitioned to the most appropriate care when the patient no longer meets the private duty nursing criteria. The most appropriate care may be home care services, nursing home placement, or the Home and Community Based Waiver Program.

9. Cost Effectiveness: The cost of private duty nursing services, when combined with the total daily cost of all Medicaid reimbursable services, should not exceed the cost of available hospital care for which the recipient would qualify if private duty nursing services were not provided.

10. Private duty nursing providers are required to indicate the date and time of all services provided on a signature log maintained in the patient's record with a

copy retained by the patient/parent or guardian. The nurse providing services and the caregiver must sign each entry.

11. A missed visit occurs when the recipient is at home waiting for scheduled services, but the services are not delivered. The PDN provider shall have a written policy assuring that when a nurse is unavailable, the supervisor assesses the need for services and makes arrangements for a substitute to provide services as necessary. The PDN provider will document missed visits in the recipient's files.

(i) If the supervisor sends a substitute, the substitute will complete and sign the service log after finishing duties.

(ii) If the supervisor does not send a substitute, the supervisor will contact the recipient and inform them of the unavailability of the nurse.

12. Private duty nursing providers are required to submit to Medicaid a copy of the Home Health Certification and Plan of Care form (HCFA-485), the Medical Update and Patient Information form (HCFA-486), the Private Duty Nursing Agreement for Care Form (Form 166), and the EPSDT Referral for Services form (Form 167) for Medicaid to consider authorization for services.

13. Private duty nursing providers are required to submit the Home Health Certification and Plan of Care form (HCFA-485) and the Medical Update and Patient Information form (HCFA-486) to Medicaid for continued services at least fourteen (14) days prior to the recertification due date. Recertification not received timely will be approved when criteria are met based on the date of receipt.

14. Legal Liable Nurse (LLN) Option - PDN services may be furnished by a parent or legal guardian for up to 40 hours of week if the LLN has a current RN or LPN license issued by the Alabama Board of Nursing and employed with a Medicaid PDN provider. A non-LLN nurse employed by a PDN provider must provide all other authorized PDN hours above the 40 hour a week limit. The PDN LLN Authorization form (166) must be submitted for each certification period.

15. Providers must refer to the Provider Manual for billing and payment requirements. Failure by the provider to comply with agency rules and program policies contained in the applicable Private Duty Nursing Services

Program Manual may result in recoupments and termination of the provider contract.

(l) Air Ambulance - Refer to Rule 560-X-18-. 15.

(m) Environmental Lead Investigators - a qualified investigator must have graduated from a four-year college or university with a minimum of 30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours of combined course work in biology, chemistry, environmental science, mathematics, physical science, or a minimum of, or evidence of, five years or more of permanent employment in an environmental health field. Any person employed must have successfully completed the training program for environmentalist conducted by the Alabama Department of Public Health before being certified by the Alabama Department of Public Health.

1. Environmental Lead Investigations are billable as a unit of service. A unit of service is the investigation of the home or primary residence of an EPSDT eligible child who has an elevated blood lead level. Testing of substances which must be sent off-site for analysis, or any non-medical activities such as removal or abatement of lead sources, or relocation efforts are not billable as part of an Environmental Lead Investigation.

(n) Licensed Behavior Analysts - providers of Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) services must be licensed by the Alabama Behavior Analyst Licensing Board. Services must be ordered by a physician for an identified condition(s) noted during the EPSDT screening exam and provided by or under the supervision of a Licensed Behavior Analyst. ABA services provided by a Licensed Behavior Analyst, a Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst under the supervision of a Licensed Behavior Analyst, or by an unlicensed Registered Behavior Technician under the supervision of a Licensed Behavior Analyst or Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst within the scope of their practice as defined by state law are covered for E.P.S.D.T. referred children under the age of 21. The scope of practice defined by state law for a Licensed Behavior Analyst and a Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst permits supervision of an unlicensed Registered Behavior Technician. The licensed practitioner assumes professional responsibility for the services provided by an unlicensed Registered Behavior Technician or an Assistant Behavior Analyst. Claims must be submitted by the Licensed Behavior Analyst. The licensed behavior analyst must supervise according to the current requirements of the Behavior Analyst Certification Board® for clinical services provided by a BCaBA or RBT.

(o) Personal Care Services include assistance with any activity of daily living (ADL) or instrumental activity of daily living (IADL). Assistance for ADL’s includes bathing,

toileting, transfer and ambulation, skin care, grooming, dressing, extension of therapies and exercise, routine care of adaptive equipment primarily involving cleaning as needed, assistance with eating, IADL's using public transportation, social interaction, and recreation. Assistance with IADL's includes accompaniment, coaching and minor problem-solving necessary to achieve the objectives of increased independence, productivity and inclusion in the community.

1. Personal Care Services must be performed by the appropriate Personal Care Worker.

2. Personal Care Workers must be employed by, or under contract with any enrolled Private Duty Nursing provider. Services must be ordered by a physician for an identified condition(s) noted during an EPSDT screening exam and require prior authorization. For a diagnosis of Intellectual Disability (diagnosis codes F070-F079) services must be provided by, or under the supervision of a nurse.

Author: Monica Abron, Health Systems Director, Program Administration

Statutory Authority: State Plan, Attachment 3.1-A; 42 CFR Section 440.110, Section 441.56(2)(c); Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989.

History: **Amended:** September 11, 1992. **Amended:** Filed December 7, 1993; effective date of this amendment January 12, 1994. **Amended:** Filed August 8, 1994; effective September 13, 1994. **Amended:** Filed August 7, 1995; effective September 12, 1995. **Amended:** Filed July 9, 1996; effective August 14, 1996. **Amended:** Filed October 9, 1996; effective November 14, 1996. **Amended:** Filed April 5, 1999; effective May 10, 1999. **Amended:** Filed December 12, 2001; effective January 16, 2002. **Amended:** Filed April 21, 2005; effective May 26, 2005. **Amended:** Filed September 12, 2006; effective October 17, 2006. **Amended:** Filed February 10, 2012; effective March 16, 2012. **Amended:** Filed June 12, 2012; effective July 17, 2012. **Amended:** Filed January 11, 2013; effective February 15, 2013. **Amended:** December 12, 2013; effective January 16, 2014. **Amended:** September 27, 2017; effective November 11, 2017. **Amended:** February 8, 2019; effective March 25, 2019. **Amended:** Published November 29, 2019; effective January 13, 2020. **Amended:** Published July 31, 2025; effective September 14, 2025.